IN THE CLAIMS:

 (Currently Amended) A method for processing a substrate, comprising: providing a substrate comprising a first dielectric material disposed on a second dielectric material;

polishing the substrate with a first polishing composition and an abrasive-free polishing article until bulk first dielectric material is substantially removed; and

polishing the substrate with a second polishing composition and a fixed-abrasive polishing article to remove residual first dielectric material formed thereon.

- 2. (Original) The method of claim 1, wherein the first polishing composition comprises an abrasive-containing polishing composition.
- 3. (Original) The method of claim 2, wherein the first polishing composition has a removal rate ratio of first dielectric material to second dielectric material of between about 1:1 and about 5:1.
- 4. (Original) The method of claim 1, wherein the second polishing composition has a removal rate ratio of first dielectric material to second dielectric material of about 30:1 or greater.
- 5. (Original) The method of claim 1, wherein the fixed-abrasive polishing article comprises a high removal rate fixed-abrasive web material.
- 6. (Original) The method of claim 1, wherein the second polishing composition further contains abrasive particles.
- 7. (Original) The method of claim 1, further comprising altering the surface of the fixed-abrasive polishing article with a non-mechanical technique selected from the group of applying heat to the polishing article, chemical etching the polishing article, or combinations thereof.

8. (Currently Amended) A method for processing a substrate, comprising: providing a substrate comprising a first dielectric material disposed on a second dielectric material, wherein the surface of the first dielectric material has a non-planar topography;

polishing the substrate with a first polishing composition and a first fixed-abrasive polishing article to remove at least the topography of the first dielectric material;

polishing the substrate with a second polishing composition and an abrasive-free polishing article until bulk first dielectric material is substantially removed; and

polishing the substrate with a third polishing composition and a second fixedabrasive polishing article to remove residual first dielectric material formed thereon.

- 9. (Original) The method of claim 8, wherein the second polishing composition comprises an abrasive-containing polishing composition.
- 10. (Original) The method of claim 9, wherein the second polishing composition has a removal rate ratio of first dielectric material to second dielectric material of between about 1:1 and about 5:1.
- 11. (Original) The method of claim 8, wherein the first and third polishing compositions have a removal rate ratio of first dielectric material to second dielectric material of about 30:1 or greater.
- 12. (Original) The method of claim 8, wherein the first fixed-abrasive polishing article comprises a hard resin fixed-abrasive web material.
- 13. (Original) The method of claim 8, wherein the second fixed-abrasive polishing article comprises a high removal rate fixed-abrasive web material.
- 14. (Original) The method of claim 8, wherein the first and third polishing compositions further contain abrasive particles.

- 15. (Original) The method of claim 8, further comprising altering the surface of the first or second fixed-abrasive polishing articles with a non-mechanical technique selected from the group of applying heat to the polishing article, chemical etching the polishing article, or combinations thereof.
- 16. (Original) A method for processing a substrate, comprising:

providing a substrate comprising a first dielectric material disposed on a second dielectric material, wherein the surface of the first dielectric material has a non-planar topography;

polishing the substrate with a first polishing composition and a first fixed-abrasive polishing article to remove at least the topography of the first dielectric material;

polishing the substrate with a second polishing composition and a second fixedabrasive polishing article until bulk first dielectric material is substantially removed; and

polishing the substrate with a third polishing composition and a third fixedabrasive polishing article to remove residual first dielectric material formed thereon.

- 17. (Original) The method of claim 16, wherein the first fixed-abrasive polishing article has a first removal rate of the first dielectric material.
- 18. (Original) The method of claim 17, wherein the second fixed-abrasive polishing article has a second removal rate greater than the first removal rate of the first dielectric material, and the third fixed-abrasive polishing article has a third removal rate greater than the first removal rate of the first dielectric material.
- 19. (Original) The method of claim 16, wherein the first, second, and third polishing compositions have a removal rate ratio of first dielectric material to second dielectric material of about 30:1 or greater.
- 20. (Original) The method of claim 16, further comprising conditioning the first fixed-abrasive polishing article prior to polishing.

- 21. (Original) The method of claim 16, further comprising conditioning the first fixed-abrasive polishing article during polishing.
- 22. (Original) The method of claim 16, wherein the first, second, or third polishing compositions further contain abrasive particles.
- 23. (Original) The method of claim 16, further comprising altering the surface of the first, second, or third fixed-abrasive polishing articles with a non-mechanical technique selected from the group of applying heat to the polishing article, chemical etching the polishing article, or combinations thereof.
- 24. (Original) A method for processing a substrate, comprising: providing a substrate comprising a first dielectric material disposed on a second dielectric material, wherein the surface of the first dielectric material has a nonplanar topography;
- polishing the substrate with a first polishing composition and an abrasive-free polishing article to remove at least the topography of the first dielectric material; polishing the substrate with a second polishing composition and a first fixed-abrasive polishing article until bulk first dielectric material is substantially removed; and polishing the substrate with a third polishing composition and a second fixed-abrasive polishing article to remove residual first dielectric material formed thereon.